

Key ride-hailing companies who are changing the industry

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Ride-hailing company Lyft Inc. said Monday it's partnering with General Motors Co. on various projects, from hubs where Lyft drivers can rent GM vehicles to an on-demand, autonomous ride service. Even with the investment, Lyft is much smaller than Uber, the giant of the ride-hailing space.

Here are some of the major players who are changing the way we get from Point A to Point B.

UBER:

Locations: Based in San Francisco. Operates in more than 300 cities and 58 countries around the world.

Funding: More than \$10 billion from traditional venture investors, institutional lenders and tech giants like Google, Microsoft and China's Baidu, which see value both in its fast-growing ride business and its accumulated data on traffic and rider habits. It's reportedly seeking additional investors at a valuation of \$62.5 billion.

Technology: Has its own mapping software, working on autonomous driving systems; also has customer-loyalty partnerships with hotel chains.

Profile: The 800-pound gorilla of on-demand ride-hailing services, Uber has a reputation for treating local regulators and competing cab companies as minor potholes to steer around or roll over.



LYFT:

Locations: Based in San Francisco. Operates in more than 190 U.S. cities but has forged partnerships with major ride-booking services like India's Ola, China's Didi Kuaidi and Southeast Asia's GrabTaxi. While they are separate companies, the partners let users hail rides from each other's apps.

Funding: About \$2 billion from venture investors, including its new infusion of \$500 million from General Motors, at a current valuation of \$5.5 billion.

Technology: Like Uber, has a ride-booking app and has experimented with car-pooling service. Plans to work on self-driving technology with GM.

Profile: Known for the pink furry mustaches on its cars, Lyft is smaller than Uber but remains the second-largest ride-hailing service in the United States, while regional competitors like San Francisco-based Sidecar have left the business.

Alphabet (Google):

Locations: Based in California's Silicon Valley, the Google parent company doesn't currently operate a ride-hailing service. But it's been a leader in developing autonomous cars and some reports suggest it might get into the ride business.

Funding: More than \$14 billion in net income last year, thanks to



Google's lucrative Internet advertising operation. Alphabet has a stock market value of \$526 billion.

Technology: Google has its own industry-leading digital maps and navigation service, and it's already testing self-driving cars on public roads.

Profile: After investing in both Uber and Sidecar, Google has tested a car-pooling service in Israel and, by some accounts, has considered spinning off its self-driving car division as a unit that would also offer rides. Google hasn't publicly confirmed this, but the company has vast resources and an appetite for dabbling in a variety of businesses, from medical technology to broadband Internet networks.

Car2Go:

Locations: Founded in Ulm, Germany, in 2008. It now operates in 29 European and North American cities.

Funding: Car2Go is a subsidiary of Daimler AG.

Technology: Car2Go offers Smart cars for one-way rentals by the hour or day. Drivers can reserve a car through a mobile app and park it anywhere when they're done.

Profile: Car2Go is one of several mobility models Daimler is experimenting with. In 2014 it bought RideScout, an Austin, Texasbased app that shows the fastest way to get somewhere using buses, bikes and other modes of transportation. It also operates Boost, a San Francisco Bay Area van service that picks up kids from school and brings them home or takes them to appointments.



DriveNow:

Locations: Founded in Munich, Germany, in 2011, it now operates in nine European cities.

Funding: DriveNow is a partnership between BMW AG and Sixt, a rental car company.

Technology: Like Car2Go, DriveNow is a one-way car sharing <u>service</u> that lets drivers pick up a car wherever it's parked and use it as long as they wish. DriveNow has a fleet of BMW and Mini cars.

Profile: BMW tested DriveNow in San Francisco with all-electric BMWs but suspended the program due to parking problems.

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