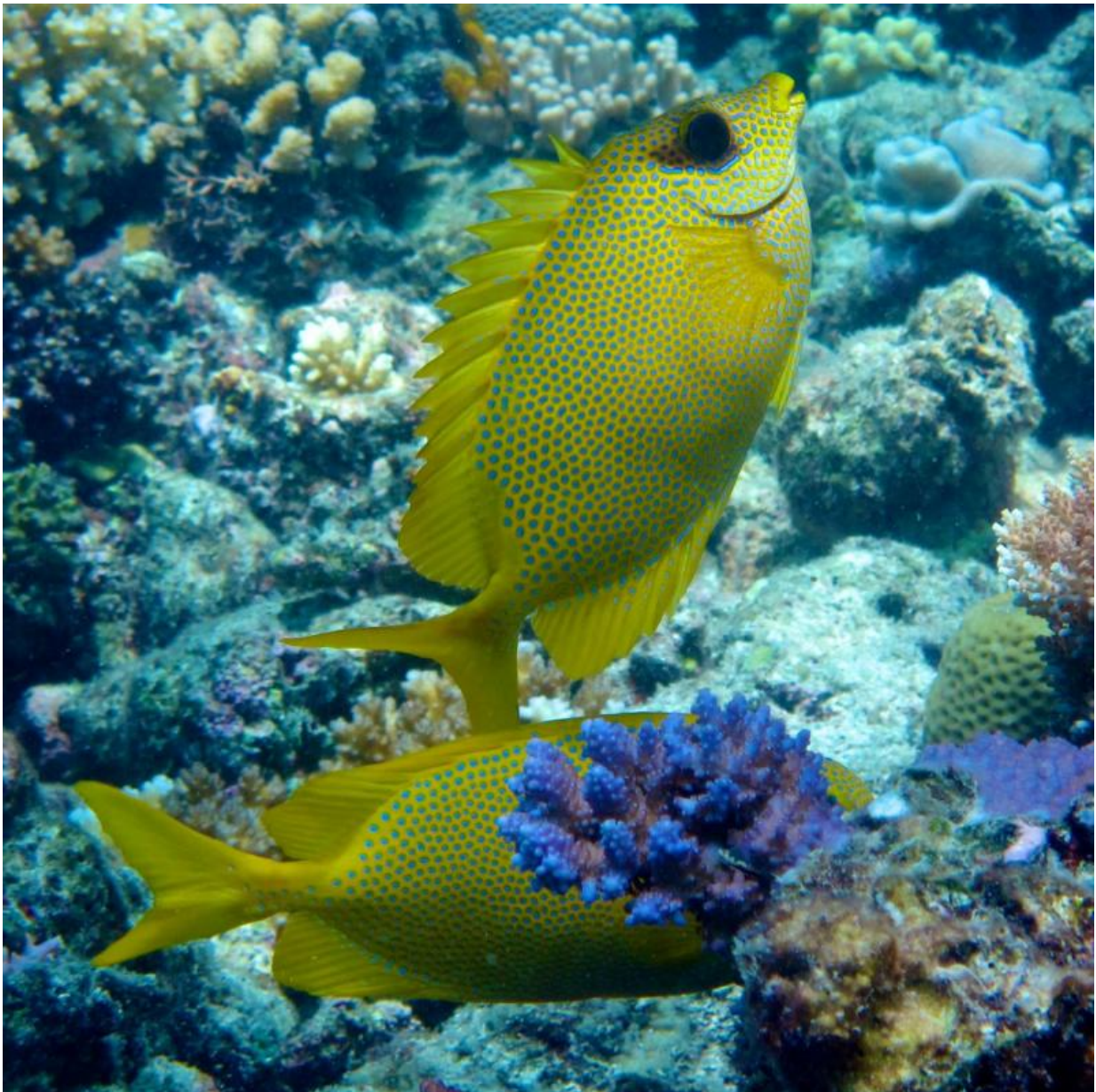


# I've got your back—fishes really do look after their mates

September 25 2015

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A rabbitfish stands guard while its mate forages for food. Credit: Jordan Casey

When it comes to helping each other out, it turns out that some fish are better at it than previously thought.

New research from the ARC Centre of Excellence for Coral Reef Studies at James Cook University has found that pairs of rabbitfishes will cooperate and support each other while feeding.

While such behaviour has been documented for highly social birds and mammals, it has previously been believed to be impossible for fishes.

"We found that rabbitfish pairs coordinate their vigilance activity quite strictly, thereby providing safety for their foraging partner," says Dr Simon Brandl from the ARC Centre of Excellence for Coral Reef Studies.

"In other words, one partner stays 'on guard' while the other feeds - these fishes literally watch each others' back," Dr Brandl says.

"This behaviour is so far unique among fishes and appears to be based on reciprocal cooperation between pair members."

Reciprocal cooperation, which requires an investment in a partner, which is later reciprocated, is assumed to require complex cognitive and social skills. Skills that fishes have been deemed not to have.

Yet, Dr Brandl says their research shows clear coordination and presents intriguing evidence for reciprocal cooperation between the rabbitfish pairs.





Rabbitfish display levels of cooperation not previously believed possible in fishes. Credit: Jordan Casey

"There has been a long standing debate about whether reciprocal cooperation can exist in animals that lack the highly developed cognitive

and [social skills](#) found in humans and a few species of birds and primates." Dr Brandl says.

"By showing that fishes, which are commonly considered to be cold, unsocial, and unintelligent, are capable of negotiating reciprocal cooperative systems, we provide evidence that cooperation may not be as exclusive as previously assumed."

Co-author, Prof. Bellwood, also from the Centre of Excellence for Coral Reef Studies, says that our perception of fishes as cold scaly automans is slowly changing.

"Our findings should further ignite efforts to understand fishes as highly developed organisms with complex social behaviours," he says.

"This may also require a shift in how we study and ethically treat fishes."

**More information:** Coordinated vigilance provides evidence for direct reciprocity in coral reef fishes, by Simon J. Brandl and David R. Bellwood, *Scientific Reports* (2015)

Provided by ARC Centre of Excellence in Coral Reef Studies

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