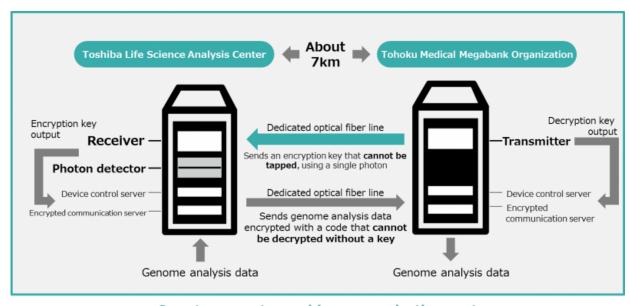


## Verification testing of quantum cryptographic communication system that theoretically cannnot be tapped

June 18 2015



Quantum cryptographic communication system

Toshiba Corporation will start verification testing of the transmission of genome analysis data using quantum cryptography that is theoretically completely secure from tapping. Testing will start on August 31 and will be the first use of quantum cryptographic communication system using actual data in Japan.



Genome data produced by the Japonica Array Japanese genome analysis tool at Toshiba Life Science Analysis Center will be encrypted by a quantum cryptographic communication system and transmitted to Tohoku University's Tohoku Medical Megabank Organization, over a distance of 7 km. In a two-year verification program that will run until August 2017, the testing will monitor and verify communication stability speed in long-term operation and the impact of environmental conditions, including weather, temperature and the status of the optical connection.

Quantum cryptographic communication uses <u>quantum physics</u> to ensure that genomic data encrypted with digital keys remains secret. Standard optical communications can be intercepted and read by measuring a part of the optical signal. However, in quantum communications bits are carried and sent by individual photons, which cannot be tampered with without leaving a trace of the intrusion. As a consequence the secrecy of untampered encryption keys, and the <u>genome data</u> they protect, can be guaranteed.

Toshiba started basic research into quantum cryptographic communication in 2003, and Toshiba Research Europe Ltd. in Cambridge, UK, led the world in transmission of 1 megabit of quantum cryptographic keys a second in 2010. In 2014, Toshiba achieved stable communication of quantum keys for 34 days over standard optical fiber.





Toshiba aims to use the results of the current verification testing to support commercialization within five years of a quantum cryptographic communication system able to guarantee secure transfers of confidential information and personal information. Potential users will include public agencies and medical institutions.

## Provided by Toshiba Corporation

Citation: Verification testing of quantum cryptographic communication system that theoretically cannot be tapped (2015, June 18) retrieved 9 April 2024 from <a href="https://phys.org/news/2015-06-verification-quantum-cryptographic-theoretically-cannot.html">https://phys.org/news/2015-06-verification-quantum-cryptographic-theoretically-cannot.html</a>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private



study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.