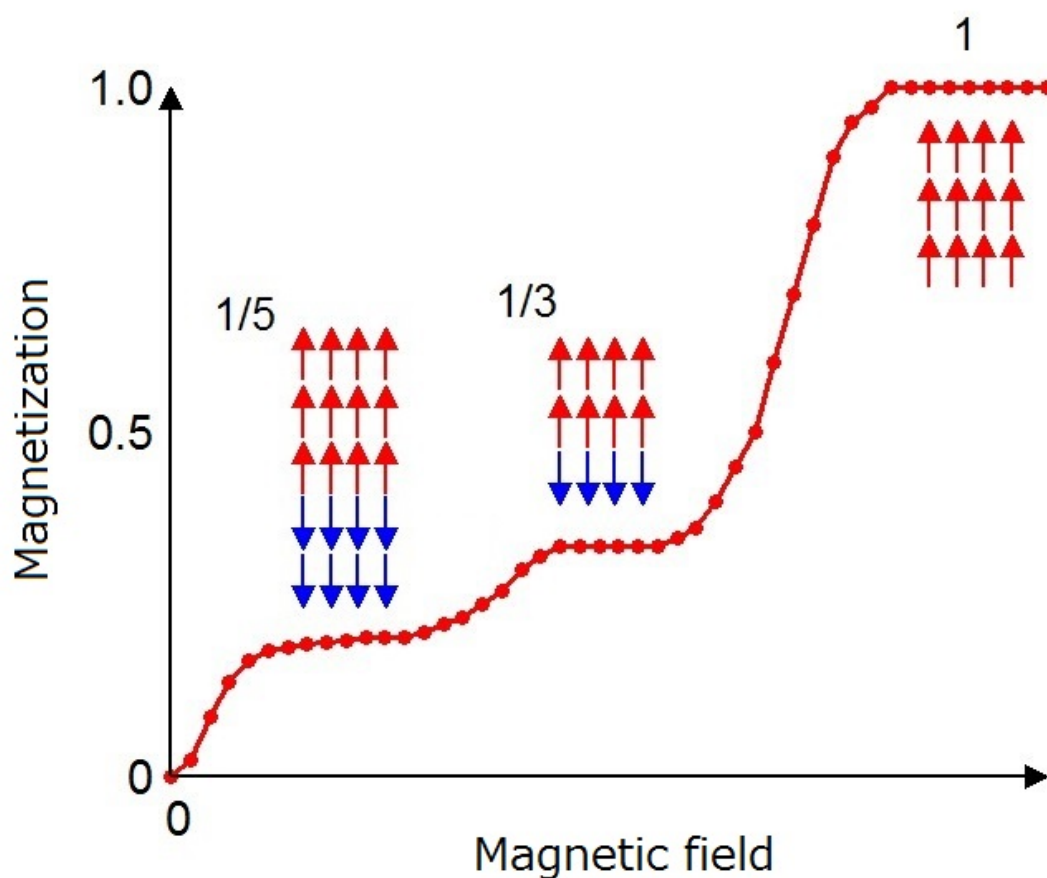


Anomalous spin ordering revealed by brilliant synchrotron soft X-rays

June 23 2015



The magnetic structure that gives rise to the Devil's Staircase. Magnetization (vertical axis) of cobalt oxide shows plateau like behaviors as a function of the externally-applied magnetic field (horizontal axis). The researchers succeeded in determining the magnetic structures which create such plateaus. Red and blue

arrows indicate spin direction. Credit: Hiroki Wadati

Researchers at the University of Tokyo have revealed a novel magnetic structure named the "Devil's staircase" in cobalt oxides using soft X-rays. This is an important result since the researchers succeeded in determining the detailed magnetic structure of a very small single crystal invisible to the human eye.

Recent remarkable progress in resonant soft x-ray diffraction performed in synchrotron facilities has made it possible to determine spin ordering ([magnetic structure](#)) in small-volume samples including thin films and nanostructures, and thus is expected to lead not only to advances in materials science but also application to spintronics, a technology which is expected to form the basis of future electronic devices. Cobalt oxide is known as one material that is suitable for spintronics applications, but its magnetic structure was not fully understood.

The research group of Associate Professor Hiroki Wada at the University of Tokyo Institute for Solid State Physics, together with the researchers at Kyoto University and in Germany, performed a resonant soft X-ray diffraction study of cobalt (Co) oxides in the synchrotron facility BESSY II in Germany. They observed all the spin orderings which are theoretically possible and determined how these orderings change with the application of magnetic fields. The plateau-like behavior of magnetic structure as a function of magnetic field is called the "Devil's staircase," and is the first such discovery in spin systems in 3D [transition metal oxides](#) including [cobalt](#), iron, manganese.

By further resonant soft X-ray diffraction studies, one can expect to find similar "Devil's staircase" behavior in other materials. By increasing the spatial resolution of microscopic observation of the "Devil's staircase"

may lead to the development of novel types of spintronics materials.

More information: T. Matsuda, S. Partzsch, T. Tsuyama, E. Schierle, E. Weschke, J. Geck, T. Saito, S. Ishiwata, Y. Tokura, and H. Wadati, "Observation of a Devil's Staircase in the Novel Spin-Valve System $\text{SrCo}_6\text{O}_{11}$ ", *Physical Review Letters* 114 (236403-1-5): 2015/06/11 (Japan time), [DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.114.236403](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.114.236403)

Provided by University of Tokyo

Citation: Anomalous spin ordering revealed by brilliant synchrotron soft X-rays (2015, June 23)
retrieved 2 May 2024 from
<https://phys.org/news/2015-06-anomalous-revealed-brilliant-synchrotron-soft.html>

<p>This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.</p>
--