

# Why tool-wielding crows are left- or right-beaked

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From the hook/wire experiment, this shows Betty holding a piece of wire she has just bent. Credit: Alex Kacelnik

New Caledonian crows—well known for their impressive stick-wielding abilities—show preferences when it comes to holding their tools on the left or the right sides of their beaks, in much the same way that people are left- or right-handed. Now researchers reporting in the *Cell Press*

journal *Current Biology* on December 4 suggest that those bill preferences allow each bird to keep the tip of its tool in view of the eye on the opposite side of its head. Crows aren't so much left- or right-beaked as they are left- or right-eyed.

"If you were holding a brush in your mouth and one of your eyes [was] better than the other at brush length, you would hold the brush so that its tip fell in view of the better [eye](#)," says Alejandro Kacelnik of the University of Oxford. "This is what the crows do."

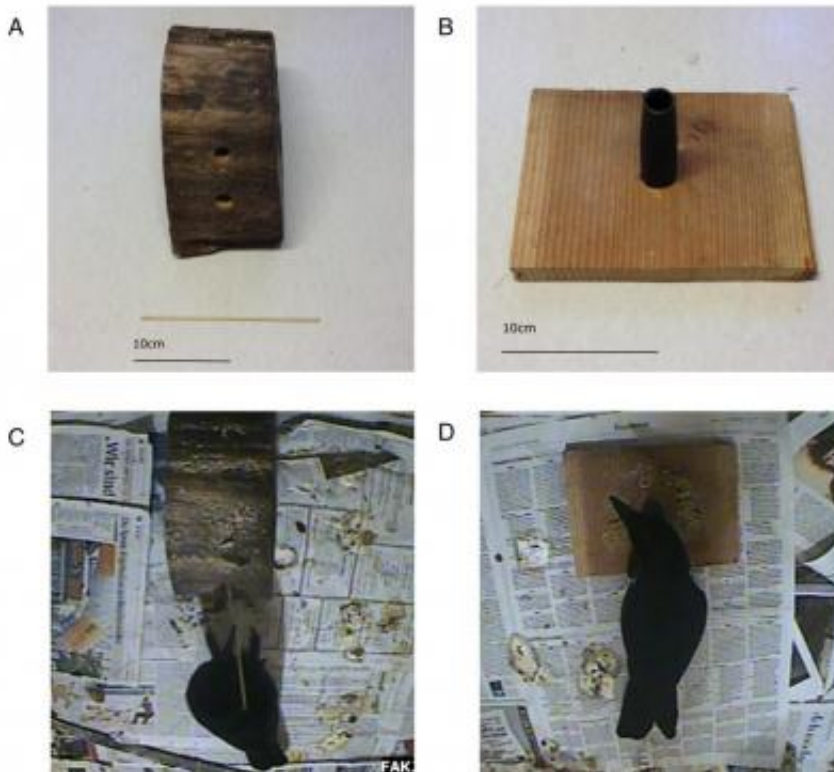
The new study also suggests that the birds' extreme [binocular vision](#)—characterized by an unusually wide field of view in comparison to other species—actually helps the crows see better with one eye at a time.

"Binocular vision is often connected to allowing the brain to compare the images seen by each eye, inferring properties of the scene from the differences between these images," explains Antone Martinho of the University of Oxford. "We thought that their binocular fields would facilitate binocular vision, perhaps allowing the birds to judge the distance from [tool](#) tip to target. It turned out that, most frequently, they only see the tool tip and target with one eye at a time."

In other words, the birds are using their notable binocular vision for better monocular vision, allowing each eye to see further toward the other side of the beak. The birds' unusually wide binocular field is among the first known examples of a physical adaptation to enable tool use, the researchers say.

The crows are one of the most innovative tool users in the animal kingdom, and for good reason. They must use sticks to extract larvae from burrows. In some ways, the New Caledonian [crows](#) have a tougher problem to solve than humans do when it comes to using tools, because they don't have the luxury of moving their eyes and beaks independently

like humans can with their eyes and hands.



(A) Tool laterality probing apparatus and tool. Note the perpendicular placement of the tool to prevent approach bias. (B) Eye-dominance apparatus. (C) Right-sided tool use by Mango, viewed from above. (D) A right-eye "look," with eye placed directly to the hole, by Liane, viewed from above. Credit: Current Biology, Martinho III et al.

Nevertheless, the findings are a reminder of our shared animal natures, the researchers say.

"Birds and humans face similar problems in tool use and many other activities," Kacelnik says. "Studying similar problems across species helps to put all of them in perspective."

**More information:** *Current Biology*, Martinho III et al.: "Monocular tool control, eye dominance, and laterality in New Caledonian crows."  
[www.cell.com/current-biology/a ... 0960-9822\(14\)01344-X](http://www.cell.com/current-biology/a ... 0960-9822(14)01344-X)

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