

Couch gets robotic makeover

September 4 2014, by Ry Crozier



Engineering students Laura Hodges and Fred Westling drive the RoboCouch. Credit: Leilah Schubert)

(Phys.org) —It's an innovation that adds a whole new dimension to the term "couch surfing". A team of UNSW engineering students has created a robotic couch that can move in any direction and be controlled using an Xbox gamepad.

The omnidirectional robotic couch is the brainchild of third-year computer engineering student Steph McArthur and second-year electrical engineering student Will Andrew.

"It started as a joke between friends," McArthur said. "We'd been using



a particular type of wheel in our robotics program for a few years, and thought, 'Wouldn't it be cool if they were on a couch?'"

The project quickly gained momentum with funding from the School of Electrical Engineering and Telecommunications.

Nine UNSW <u>engineering students</u> worked for a year to perform the various mechanical, software and manual assembly tasks to put the couch together. The build team included Laura Hodges, Munaum Muhammad, Hannes Firgau, John Lam, Fred Westling, Luke Macdonald and Hugh Braico.

After several successful test runs, the red two-seater is finally ready to be unleashed on the public. It will be one of the attractions of UNSW Open Day this Saturday, 6 September.

"We want prospective students to experience a little of what it's like to take an idea, build something completely new and then enjoy using it," Associate Professor in Signal Processing, Dr Julien Epps, said.

"Projects like this – which have their own set of very specialised and challenging problems – are a great way for students to hone their skills in a team before applying them to much bigger problems in industry and society when they graduate.

"And perhaps there is an untapped market for omnidirectional robotic lounges."

Under the couch's standard wood frame is a custom steel chassis fitted with four independently controlled mecanum wheels, a special type of wheel that uses rotating rollers to enable omnidirectional movement.

Electric scooter motors drive the wheels. The motors are connected to a



central controller, which is used to manage the couch's speed.

The controller also communicates with a Raspberry Pi – a credit card-sized computer popular among hardware hackers – located in one of the armrests.

The students are continually improving the couch's design, and are exploring potential research projects that could improve wheel traction on uneven or very steep terrain.



The couch is driven using an Xbox gamepad.

"If there's different types of terrain under each wheel, or there's more load on one wheel than the others, then the couch doesn't drive as you intend it to," Andrew said.

McArthur also hopes to eventually enable the couch to navigate autonomously.

"The <u>couch</u> fits quite nicely down corridors and in lifts, so if we can fit it out with different sensors to map indoor areas, then it could potentially navigate from one place to another, and not crash into things along the



route," McArthur said.



Under the couch's standard wood frame is a custom steel chassis fitted with four independently controlled mecanum wheels.

That has spurred a fresh round of big ideas.

"We were thinking about making a fridge robotic, too, so you could call it over," Andrew adds.

Provided by University of New South Wales

Citation: Couch gets robotic makeover (2014, September 4) retrieved 2 May 2024 from https://phys.org/news/2014-09-couch-robotic-makeover.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.