

Deep astrophoto of LDN 673

August 5 2014, by Nancy Atkinson



LDN 673, a molecular cloud complex in the constellation Aquila. Credit: Callum Hayton.

What a stunning view of this dark region of space! This image, by astrophotographer Callum Hayton shows LDN 673, a molecular cloud complex that lies in the constellation Aquila. This region is massive—around 67 trillion kilometers (42 trillion miles across), and it is between 300-600 light years from Earth. Observers in the northern hemisphere can find this region in the summer skies near the bright star Altair and the Summer Triangle.



Because the cloud lies on the galactic plane, the dark dust is back-lit by millions of stars in the Milky Way galaxy. This dusty cloud likely contains enough raw material to form hundreds of thousands of stars. Hayton explained on Flickr how the dust gets "eroded" away by stellar formation:

"When some of these clouds reach a certain mass they begin to collapse and fragment creating protostars," Hayton wrote. "As the temperature and pressure at the centre of the protostar rises, sometimes it becomes so great that nuclear fusion begins and a star is born. In this image you can see where at least two young stars have eroded the dust around them and are now above the clouds casting light down on to the dust below."

Gorgeous!

Source: <u>Universe Today</u>

Citation: Deep astrophoto of LDN 673 (2014, August 5) retrieved 27 April 2024 from https://phys.org/news/2014-08-deep-astrophoto-ldn.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.