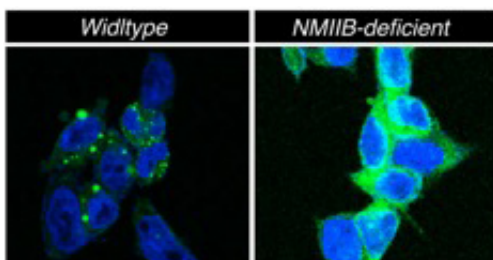


# Protein regulates protein folding in cells during stress

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In normal wildtype cells (left panel), IRE1 (green) forms foci under conditions of endoplasmic reticulum stress. However, when non-muscle myosin IIB is deficient in the cells (right panel), the IRE1 (green) protein remains diffuse and does not form foci, suggesting that non-muscle myosin IIB is required for IRE1 foci formation/aggregation. This foci formation is a key step in IRE1 activation and signaling. Hence, when non-muscle myosin IIB is lacking or deficient, IRE1 activation and signaling is also decreased/blunted. Credit: Yin He/Qi Lab

(Phys.org)—Cornell researchers have discovered that a protein known for moving cells around in the body also helps regulate a cellular organelle responsible for generating one-third of all proteins in the human body.

The protein, called non-muscle [myosin](#) IIB (NMIIB), is required to alleviate stress that occurs when the cell's protein factory, the [endoplasmic reticulum](#), is overburdened.

In the study, published in the Dec. 11 issue of the journal *Developmental Cell*, the researchers knocked out the gene that codes for NMIIB in [mouse cells](#) as well as a [model organism](#), the [roundworm](#) *C. elegans*, and found that when the endoplasmic reticulum was under stress, the cells were unable to respond properly and errors in protein folding were left uncorrected. As a protein's final structure is key to its proper function, improperly folded proteins lead to cell death and underlie the development of human diseases including diabetes, [cystic fibrosis](#), and neurodegenerative and other conformational diseases.

"If cells cannot adjust folding capacity in response to cellular needs, then they die," said Ling Qi, Cornell assistant professor of [nutritional sciences](#) and the study's senior author. Yin He, a graduate student in the Qi lab, is the paper's lead author.

When the endoplasmic reticulum is stressed, order is partly restored by a protein called IRE1 $\alpha$ , which has been used by organisms throughout evolution. IRE1 $\alpha$  senses mis-folded proteins, binds to them and triggers a cascade of signals to the cell's nucleus. The nucleus then responds by improving the folding environment within the endoplasmic reticulum.

During normal function, NMIIB lies in a folded, inactive form, but during endoplasmic reticulum stress, NMIIB unfolds. When unfurled, NMIIB has a tail that acts as a cantilever, attaching to IRE1 $\alpha$  and moving it into aggregates or foci, required for optimal IRE1 activation and function.

"When we knock out myosin, we don't see the IRE1 $\alpha$  foci, and if there is no foci, then the downstream signaling and the stress response is attenuated," said Qi.

NMIIB is a cytoskeletal protein, a structural element that exists in the cell's inner fluid and helps provide the cell with its structure. The

researchers were surprised to find such a protein involved in IRE1 $\alpha$  activation since activation signals during stress were previously thought emanate from compartments of the endoplasmic reticulum, called lumen, where [protein folding](#) occurs, Qi added.

"No one has previously reported a link between IRE1 $\alpha$  and NMIIB," said He. "Since endoplasmic reticulum stress is associated with so many human diseases, we want to identify novel regulators of these pathways so we can target them therapeutically," she added.

Provided by Cornell University

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