

Sony develops new 'RGBW coding' and 'HDR movie' functions

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Comparison of Sample pictures in low-light setting (10 lux)

Sony Corporation today announced the development of two CMOS image sensor models designed for use in smartphones and other devices. They are equipped with Sony's unique "RGBW Coding" function which allows images to be captured with low noise and high picture quality even in low-light conditions. They also contain Sony's "HDR (High Dynamic Range) Movie" function which allows brilliant color to be captured even in bright settings. Sony has also developed a model with built-in signal processing functionality, an element that usually requires external embedment.

Sony has successfully developed new stacked <u>CMOS</u> image sensor technology that realizes higher image quality and superior functionality in a more compact size. The three newly developed next-generation backilluminated CMOS image sensor models will be the first to utilize this technology. Samples will begin to successively ship starting March 2012.



The recent proliferation of smartphones and other devices has increased casual shooting opportunities and there is demand for the evolution of cameras to be able to shoot in a diverse range of settings. In particular, consumers want to easily take pictures in low light conditions or those with both low and bright lights. Sony has incorporated its two newly developed models with its unique "RGBW Coding" function which enables high-sensitivity shooting even in low-light conditions and its "HDR Movie" function which can capture images or video across a broad dynamic range of low-light to bright-light conditions.

About the key functions incorporated in the new CMOS image sensors

1. Sony's unique "RGBW Coding" function enabling clear shooting in dark rooms or at night

The built-in "RGBW Coding" function which adds W (White) pixels to the conventional range of RGB (Red-Green-Blue) pixels has realized higher sensitivity, enabling high-quality shooting with low noise even in dark indoor or night settings.

While the addition of W (White) pixels improves sensitivity, it has the problem of degrading image quality. However, Sony's own device technology and signal processing realizes superior sensitivity without hurting image quality. Furthermore, while the individual pixels of the newly developed models are extremely minute at 1.12μ m, the incorporation of the "RBGW Coding" function has realized a SN ratio (signal-to-noise ratio) equivalent to that of a unit pixel size of 1.4μ m under conventional methods, which in turn has enables the image sensors to achieve a higher resolution at a more compact size.

The new models are also able to output signals through the conventional



RGB method, thus there is no need to change the signal processing adopted in existing devices.

2. "HDR (High Dynamic Range) Movie" function which enables brilliant colors to be captured even in bright settings

The built-in "HDR Movie" function enables brilliant colors to be captured even in settings with a wide range of light including bright light.

Typically, when shooting with differing light levels, such as an indoor setting against a bright outdoor background, there can easily be blocked up shadows for dark areas or blown out highlights for bright areas. Such phenomena are a result of the combination of low-light and bright-light which have different optimal exposure conditions in the same shot. This function reduces this by setting two different exposure conditions within a single screen shooting and conducts the appropriate signal processing for the captured image information under each optimal exposure condition. This process generates an image with a broad <u>dynamic range</u> and enables shooting of both the background and subject matter with brilliant colors even in a bright environment.

Upcoming product launches

• Type 1/4 Stacked CMOS Image Sensor with approx. 8.0 effective megapixels (equipped with camera <u>signal processing</u> function) Sample shipments planned for March, 2012

• Type 1/3.06 Stacked CMOS Image Sensor with approx. 13.0 effective megapixels



(equipped with "RGBW Coding" and "HDR Movie" functions) Sample shipments planned for June, 2012

• Type 1/4 Stacked CMOS <u>Image Sensor</u> with approx. 8.0 effective megapixels (equipped with "RGBW Coding" and "HDR Movie" functions) Sample shipments planned for August, 2012

Source: Sony Corporation

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