

Space Image: When galaxies collide

October 21 2011

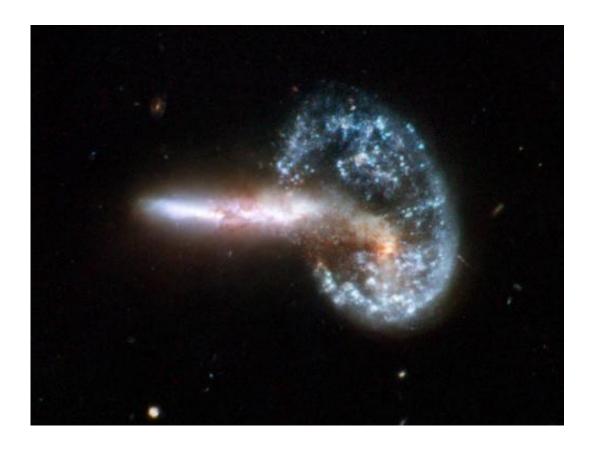


Image Credit: NASA, ESA, the Hubble Heritage (STScI/AURA)-ESA/Hubble Collaboration, and A. Evans (University of Virginia, Charlottesville/NRAO/Stony Brook University)

(PhysOrg.com) -- This interacting pair of galaxies is included in Arp's catalog of peculiar galaxies as number 148. Arp 148 is the staggering aftermath of an encounter between two galaxies, resulting in a ring-shaped galaxy and a long-tailed companion.



The collision between the two <u>parent galaxies</u> produced a shockwave effect that first drew matter into the center and then caused it to propagate outwards in a ring. The elongated companion perpendicular to the ring suggests that Arp 148 is a unique snapshot of an ongoing collision.

<u>Infrared observations</u> reveal a strong obscuration region that appears as a dark dust lane across the nucleus in optical light. Arp 148 is nicknamed Mayall's object and is located in the constellation of Ursa Major, the Great Bear, approximately 500 million light-years away.

This image is part of a large collection of 59 images of merging galaxies taken by the <u>Hubble Space Telescope</u> and released on April 24, 2008, the observatory's 18th anniversary.

Provided by JPL/NASA

Citation: Space Image: When galaxies collide (2011, October 21) retrieved 3 May 2024 from https://phys.org/news/2011-10-space-image-galaxies-collide.html

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