

Mysterious fossils provide new clues to insect evolution

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This is a *Coxoplectoptera*larva. Credit: Staatliches Museum für Naturkunde Stuttgart (Germany)

German scientists at the Stuttgart Natural History Museum were leading in the discovery of a new insect order from the Lower Cretaceous of South America. The spectacular fossils were named *Coxoplectoptera* by their discoverers and their findings were published in a special issue on Cretaceous Insects in the scientific journal *Insect Systematics & Evolution*.

The work group led by Dr. Arnold H. Staniczek and Dr. Günter Bechly, both experts on basal <u>insects</u>, determined that these fossils represent extinct relatives of modern mayflies. *Coxoplectoptera* however significantly differ from both mayflies and all other known insects in



anatomy and mode of life. Due to the discovery of adult winged specimens and excellently preserved larvae, the scientists were able to clarify the phylogenetic position of these <u>animals</u> and presented a new hypothesis regarding the relationships of basal winged insects.



This is a *Coxoplectoptera* adult. Credit: Staatliches Museum für Naturkunde Stuttgart (Germany)

Equipped with wing venation of a mayfly, breast and wing shape of a dragonfly, and legs of a praying mantis, these winged insects look like a patchwork of various animals. The peculiar larvae, however, are reminiscent of freshwater shrimps. Their lifestyle turned out to be a major enigma: Mode of embedding and some of their characters clearly suggest a fluvial habitat. Their unique anatomy indicates that these animals were ambush predators living partly dug in the river bed. These animals furthermore provided clues to the long-standing controversial debate of the evolutionary origin of the insect wing: The scientists presume that wings originated from thoracic backplates, while leg genes were recruited for their developmental control.

Overall, the exciting discovery of *Coxoplectoptera* contributes to a better understanding of insect evolution.



Provided by Brill

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