

First full set of Webb telescope flight mirrors begin final tests

April 12 2011

The first six of 18 flight mirror segments for the next-generation premier space observatory, NASA's James Webb Space Telescope, are ready to begin final cryogenic tests in the X-ray and Cryogenic Facility at Marshall Space Flight Center in Huntsville, Ala., to verify they meet mirror test program requirements. The flight mirrors about to undergo cryogenic tests are the first full set to have fully completed the mirror manufacturing process.

The mirrors are mounted to a test fixture and will undergo round-the-clock testing that will begin on April 15 and continue for eight weeks. During cryogenic testing, the mirrors are subjected to extreme temperatures dipping to -415 degrees Fahrenheit (-248C) in the 7,600 cubic-foot helium (~215 cubic meter) -cooled <u>vacuum chamber</u>, which permits engineers from Ball Aerospace and Technologies Corp., in Boulder, Colo., to measure in extreme detail how the shape of the mirror changes as it cools -- just as each mirror will change shape over a range of operational temperatures in space. The cryogenic test series helps NASA predict how well the telescope will image infrared sources in those conditions.

Each <u>mirror</u> segment measures approximately 1.5 meters (4.9 ft.) in diameter to form the 6.5-meter diameter (21.3 ft.) hexagonal Webb telescope.

The <u>James Webb Space Telescope</u> is exploring deep space phenomena from distant galaxies to nearby planets and stars. The Webb Telescope



will give scientists clues about the formation of the universe and the evolution of our own solar system, from the first light after the Big Bang to the formation of star systems capable of supporting life on planets like Earth.

Provided by JPL/NASA

Citation: First full set of Webb telescope flight mirrors begin final tests (2011, April 12)

retrieved 3 May 2024 from

https://phys.org/news/2011-04-full-webb-telescope-flight-mirrors.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.