

Snakes may be in decline worldwide: study

June 8 2010



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The pattern across the eight species monitored was alarmingly similar despite their geographical isolation, which points to a common cause such as <u>climate change</u>, the researchers said.

Other factors known to play a role include habitat loss, pollution, disease, lack of <u>prey</u> and over-exploitation, either for food or trade.

The study showed that 11 of 17 snake populations in Britain, France, Italy, Nigeria and Australia dropped off sharply over a four-year period



starting in the late 1990s.

"Our data revealed an alarming trend," the authors reported in the British Royal Society journal *Biology Letters*.

"Two-thirds of the monitored populations collapsed, and none have shown any sign of recover over nearly a decade since the crash. Unfortunately, there is no reason to expect a reversal of this trend."

<u>Snakes</u> are top <u>predators</u> among <u>reptiles</u>, and a sharp decline in their numbers would likely have serious consequences for many ecosystems.

Earlier studies have turned up dwindling numbers for certain species and in some regions, especially the <u>Mediterranean basin</u>.

But the new study presents the first evidence that snakes in the tropics are also in trouble.

Depending on the continent, population declines varied depending on sex, with females disappearing significantly more rapidly than males in most cases.

So-called 'sit-and-wait' foragers -- snakes that lie motionless, waiting for prey to come within striking distance -- are also more severely depleted in numbers than counterparts which are active hunters.

The fact that the declines observed happened in different corners of the globe over the same short time points to a single problem.

"We suggest that there is likely to be a common cause at the root of the declines, and that this indicates a more widespread phenomenon," the study concluded.



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Citation: Snakes may be in decline worldwide: study (2010, June 8) retrieved 23 April 2024 from https://phys.org/news/2010-06-snakes-decline-worldwide.html

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